



# Introduction to agroecology

Marco Barzman, ENDURE & Alain Ratnadass, CIRAD IV ENDURE Summer School Agroecological engineering for crop protection Volterra, 8 oct. 2012



ENDURE, February 2007

## **Origins**



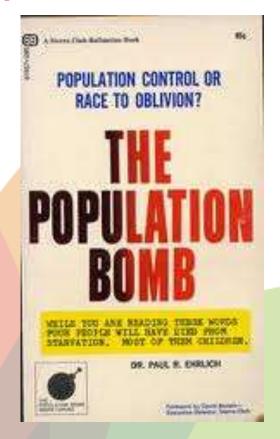
- Latin America: 1970s 1980s difficult political
  situations
- Nth America: environmental protection, think globally act locally
- United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio Summit 1992
- Reaction to green revolution



# **Assumptions...**



Population bomb, Paul Erlich, 1968



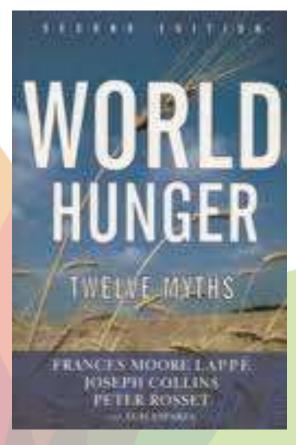
- → Increase yields
- → (control pop. growth)



#### ...and reaction



12 Myths, Frances Moore-Lappé, 1986



Improve access to production



#### **Green revolution**



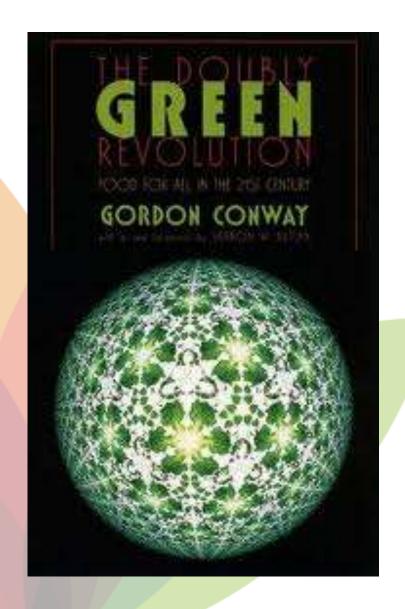


- Norman Borlaug high yielding varieties + high input
- CGIAR IRRI CIMMYT FAO
- World Bank UNDP



# **Doubly green revolution**



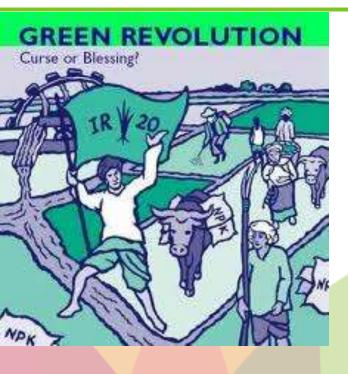


and now → "evergreen revolution"



### **Critique**







- Social justice unequal distribution of benefits
- Technology & dependence (machinery, seed, NPK, loans, markets, ...)
- Knowledge expert K vs. IKS
- Appropriateness of Northern model applied to unknown system
- Unexpected consequences
  - Diet (e.g. rice in Bangladesh)
  - Public health (e.g. water buffalo)
  - Biodiversity
  - Local resources, local systems



# **Critique**



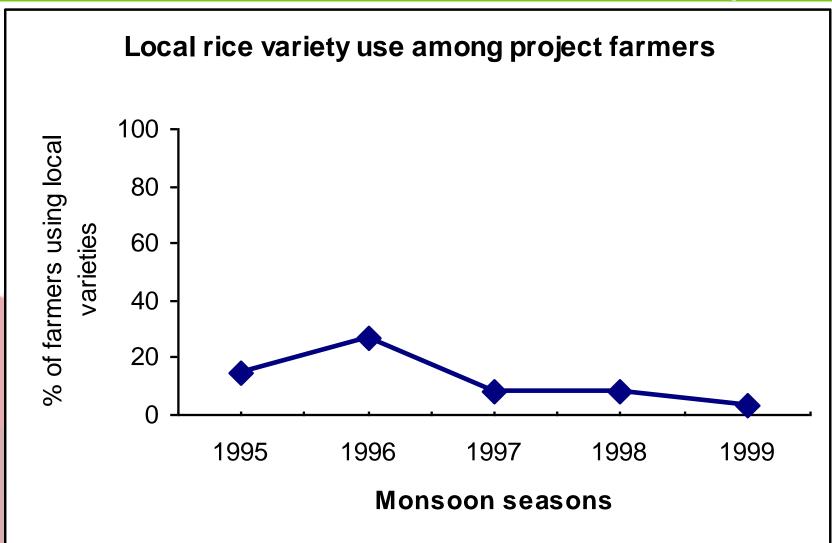


**Complex systems** 



# Critique







## **Responses for Sth**



- Genetic erosion in-situ conservation
- Biopiracy address rights of traditional communities
- Social justice land reform
- Indigenous Knowledge Systems / understanding traditional systems
- Autonomy / food sovereignty
- Appropriate technology



# IKS ex.: Chinampa



# IKS ex.: waru waru





### **Ex.:** rice terraces







## **IKS:** weaver ant in VN





### **IKS:** weaver ant in VN





tendure

#### Some of the people...





Miguel Altieri - Agroecology: the science of sustainable agriculture, 1986



Ivette Perfecto, biodiversity in ag



**Peter Rosset - Small** Is Bountiful, 1999



Fernando Funes, Cuba

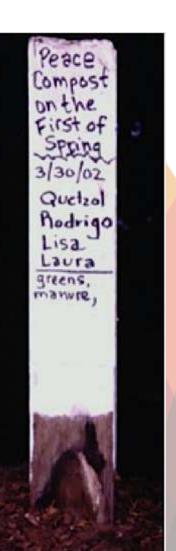


# **Responses for Nth**



#### **Strategies**

- Anti-GMO movement
- Locavore: Food-shed, CSAs, Farmers' markets, U pick, agroecotourism
- School programmes school gardens, organic lunch, salad bar
- Intentional communities
- Farm worker rights
- Urban ag
- Organic ag





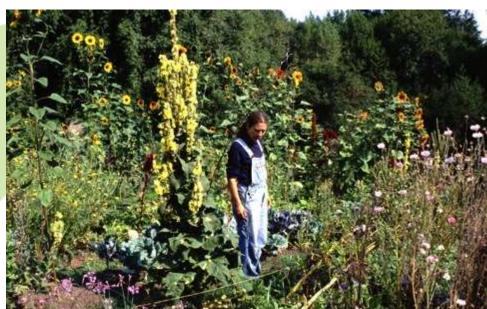
## **New directions for ag**

- Wildlife-friendly agriculture
- Native spp.
- Low-input organic farming
- Permaculture
- Biodynamic
- French intensive horticulture
- Urban agriculture
- Crop-livestock integration
- Agroforestry





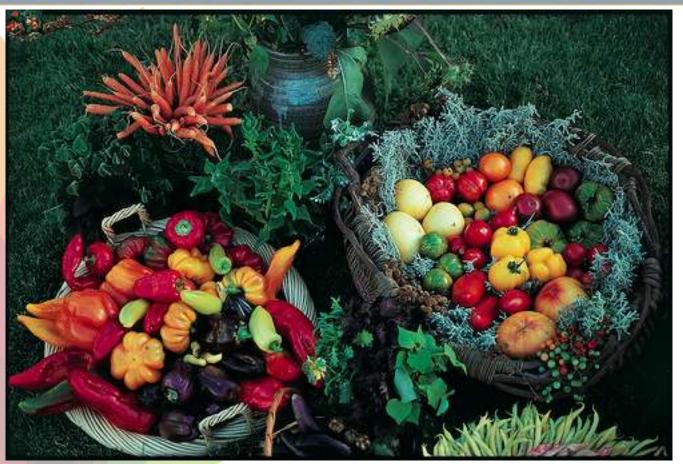






#### OCCIDENTAL ARTS & ECOLOGY CENTER

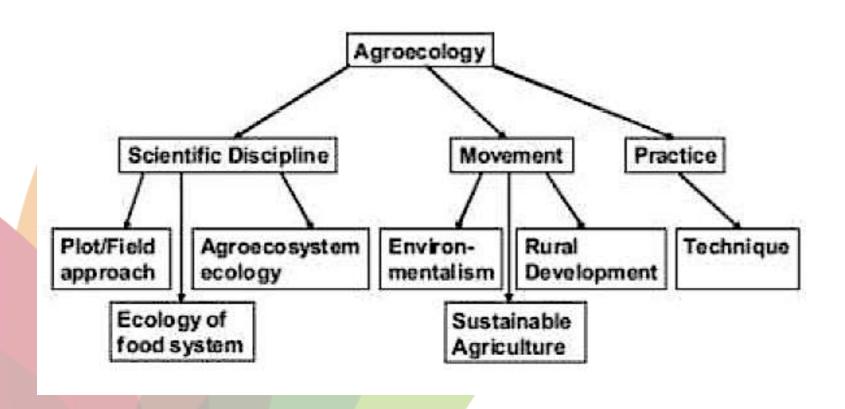
Permaculture and Intentional School Arts Chautauqua Ecological Ecological Design Communities Gardens Series Agriculture





# What is agroecology?





From Wezel et al, 2009



#### **Contributions to science**



- Agroecology as a scientific approach?
  - Holistic vs. reductionist approach
  - Systems sciences
  - Multi-disciplinary approaches
    ex. NMJ weed sci → farm management Q
  - Multi-sector who is the expert?
  - Ecology from "contemplative Ecology" of 'natural' systems to management of agroecosystems
  - Ethnobotany / understanding traditional systems
  - Descriptive agroecology on developed country agriculture?
  - Ecosystem services (multi-functional agriculture)



# A definition within scope of ag production



The application of ecological concepts and principles to the design and management of sustainable agroecosystems



## Sustainability in ag



- Minimal impact on environment
- Preserve & rebuild soil fertility
- Use water efficiently
- Rely on internal resources & nutrient cycling
- Conserve biological diversity
- Enable local control of agricultural resources & access to knowledge



# Relying on ecosystem processes

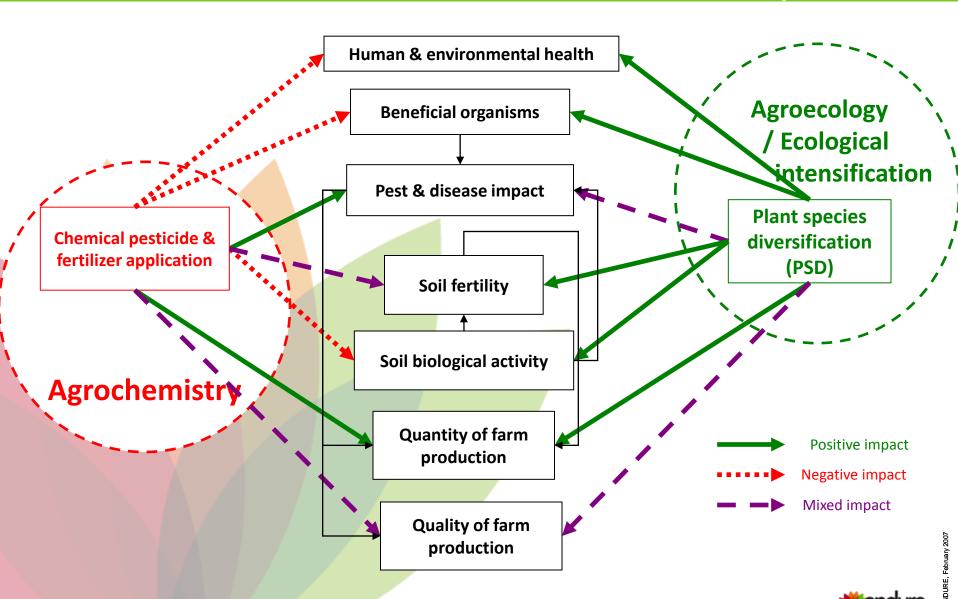


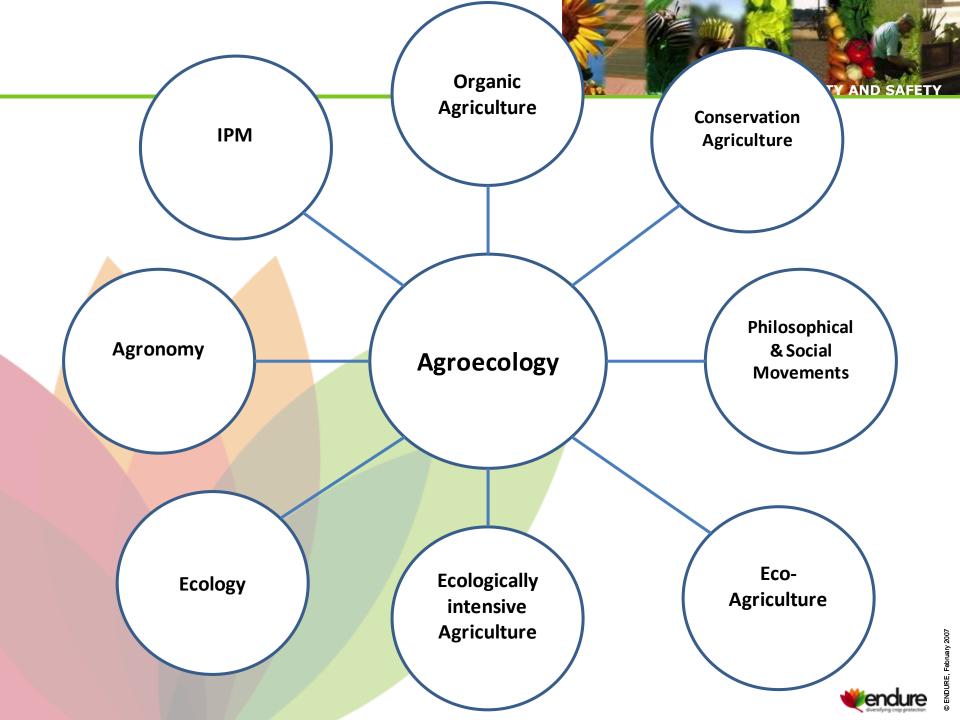
- Energy flow
- Nutrient cycling
- Soil building
- Succession
- Disturbance
- Interactions between species
- Abiotic/biotic interactions



#### Need for a shift from Agrochemistry to Agroecology











Organic Agriculture LITY AND SAFETY

Conservation Agriculture

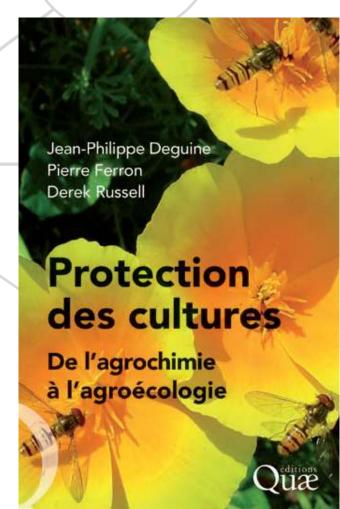
**IPM** 

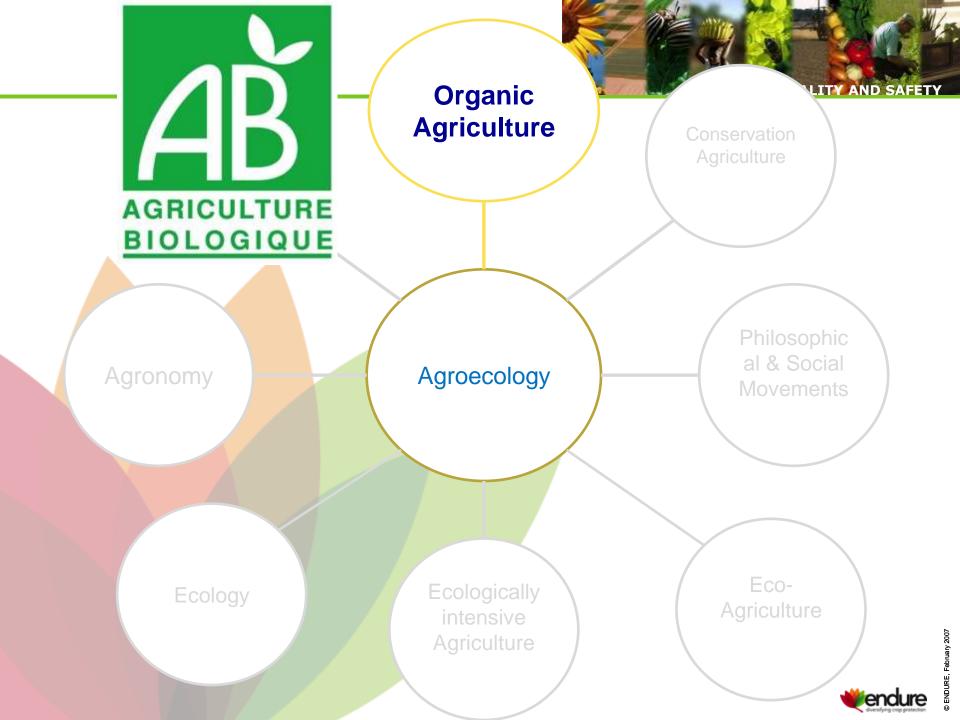
Agronomy



Agroecology

Ecologically intensive Agriculture

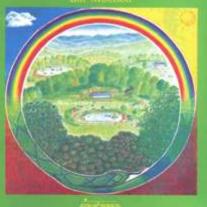






PM

Aménagements pratiques à la campagne et en ville Bill Mollison

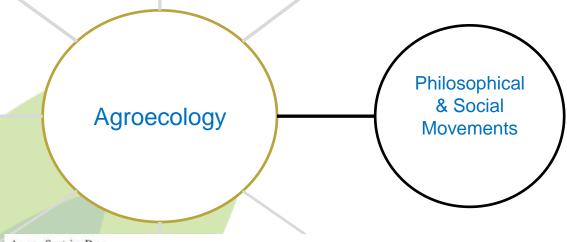


The Journal of Peasant Studies Vol. 38, No. 3, July 2011, 587–612



The agroecological revolution in Latin America: rescuing nature, ensuring food sovereignty and empowering peasants

Miguel A. Altieri and Victor Manuel Toledo



Agron. Sustain. Dev. DOI 10.1007/s13593-011-0065-6

#### REVIEW ARTICLE

Agroecologically efficient agricultural systems for smallholder farmers: contributions to food sovereignty

Miguel A. Altieri • Fernando R. Funes-Monzote • Paulo Petersen



ECOAGRICULTURE PARTNERS 1050 Potomac Street NW Washington, DC 20007 December 15th, 2004

#### RESPONSE TO ALTIERI AND FARVAR ARTICLES

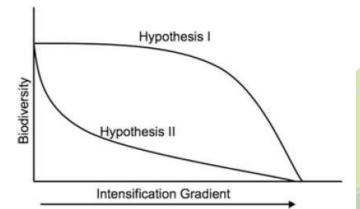
Agriculture

Biodiversity Conservation in Tropical Agroecosystems

A New Conservation Paradigm

Ivette Perfecto<sup>a</sup> and John Vandermeer<sup>a,b</sup>

Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 1134: 173-200 (2008). © 2008 New York Academy of Sciences.



**Figure 1.** Two hypotheses about the relationship between management intensity and biodiversity.

Science

MAAAS



Ecologically

Reconciling Food Production and Biodiversity Conservation: Land Sharing and Land Sparing Compared

Ben Phalan et al. Science 333, 1289 (2011);

DOI: 10.1126/science.1208742





ECOAGRICULTURE

Jeffrey A. McNeely and Sara J

IDURE, February 2007

# L'agriculture écologiquement intensive : nature et défis

Sylvie Bonny Cah Agric, vol. 20, n° 6, novembre-décembre 2011 ure





# Facing up to the paradigm of ecological intensification in agronomy: Revisiting methods, concepts and knowledge

Thierry Doré, David Makowski, Eric Malézieux, Nathalie Munier-Jolain, Marc Tchamitchian,

Pablo Tittonell



Agroecology

Ecologically intensive Agriculture

#### Michel Griffon

Pour des agricultures écologiquement intensives



 L'agriculture doit effectuer une véritable révolution technologique, et celle-ci doit être accompagnée de politiques agricoles nouvelles.





